



सत्यमेव जयते

आयुक्त(अपील)का कार्यालय,  
Office of the Commissioner (Appeal),

केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील आयुक्तालय, अहमदाबाद  
Central GST, Appeal Commissionerate, Ahmedabad  
जीएसटी भवन, राजस्वमार्ग, अम्बावाड़ी अहमदाबाद ३८००१५.  
CGST Bhavan, Revenue Marg, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad 380015  
07926305065 - टेलिफैक्स 07926305136



DIN : 20230564SW0000111C4D

**स्पीड पोस्ट**

- क फाइल संख्या : File No : GAPPL/COM/STP/2712/2022 / 1785 77
- ख अपील आदेश संख्या Order-In-Appeal No. AHM-EXCUS-001-APP-39/2023-24  
दिनांक Date : 18-05-2023 जारी करने की तारीख Date of Issue 29.05.2023
- आयुक्त (अपील) द्वारा पारित  
Passed by **Shri Akhilesh Kumar**, Commissioner (Appeals)
- ग Arising out of OIO No. 30/DC/Shailleshkumar/Div-6/A'bad South/KP/2022-23 दिनांक:  
26.05.2022 passed by Deputy Commissioner(Tech), CGST, Ahmedabad South
- घ अपीलकर्ता का नाम एवं पता Name & Address

**Appellant**

M/s Shaileshkumar Manubhai Savliya  
8, Nayan Apartment, Sambhav Press,  
Judges Bungalow Road, Ahmedabad

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील या पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-In-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way :

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन :

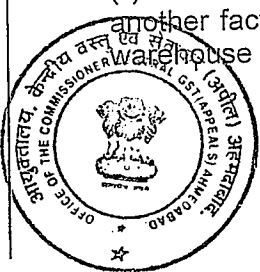
**Revision application to Government of India:**

(i) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अतत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अधीन सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली : 110001 को की जानी चाहिए।

(i) A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid :

(ii) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानिकार खाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रकिया के दौरान हुई हो।

(ii) In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.



(क) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलों में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है।

(A) In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

(ख) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।

(B) In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो ड्यूटी क्रेडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं.2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

(c) Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनोंक से तीन मास के भीतरमूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए।उसके साथ खाता इ.का मुख्य शीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के संबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(2) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रुपये या उससे कम होतो रुपये 200/-फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्नरकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

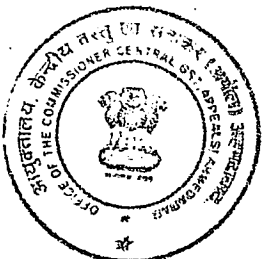
सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवा कर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील:-  
Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-बी/35-इ के अंतर्गत:-

Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-

(क) उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद 2 (1) क में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलो के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण(सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में 2<sup>nd</sup> माला, बहुमाली भवन, असरवा, गिरधरनागर, अहमदाबाद-380004

(a) To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Bahumali Bhawan, Asarwa, Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad : 380004. in case of appeals other than as mentioned in para-2(i) (a) above.



The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registrar of a branch of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated.

- (3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल आदेश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता है।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

- (4) न्यायालय शुल्कअधिनियम 1970 यथासंशोधित की अनुसूचि-1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूलआदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रतिपर रु.6.50 पैसे कान्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

- (5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention is invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

45P सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण(सिस्टेट),के प्रतिअपीलो के मामले में कर्तव्यमांग(Demand) एवं दंड(Penalty) का 10% पूर्व जमा करना अनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व जमा 10 करोड़ रुपए है।(Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क और सेवाकर के अंतर्गत, शामिल होगा "कर्तव्य की मांग"(Duty Demanded)-

- a. (Section) खंड 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि;  
इण लिया गलत सेनवैट क्रेडिट की राशि;  
बण सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देय राशि.

⇒ यह पूर्व जमा 'लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना में, अपील दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गया है.

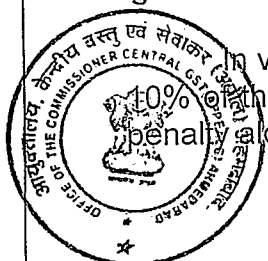
For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;  
(ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;  
(iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."



ORDER-IN-APPEAL

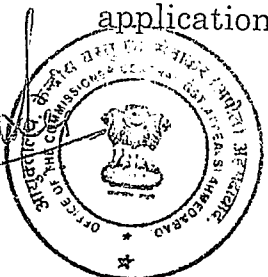
The present appeal has been filed by M/s. Shaileshkumar Manubhai Savliya, 8, Nayan Apartment, Sambhav Press-Judges Bungalow Road, Ahmedabad (hereinafter referred to as the "appellant") against Order in Original No. 30/DC/Shailshkumar/Div-6/A'bad South/KP/2022-23 dated 26.05.2022 [hereinafter referred to as "*impugned order*"] passed by the Deputy Commissioner (Technical), CGST, Commissionerate : Ahmedabad South [hereinafter referred to as "*adjudicating authority*"].

2. Briefly stated, the facts of the case are that the appellant were holding PAN No. ASGPS4753G and were not registered with the Service Tax department. Scrutiny of the TDS/ITR data of the appellant provided by the Income Tax department for the period F.Y. 2015-16 indicated that they had shown income amounting to Rs. 38,78,044/- during the said period. To ascertain whether the appellant were liable to pay service tax and, if so, whether they had paid service tax, they were asked vide letter dated 07.10.2020 to submit documentary evidence in respect of their income. However, the appellant did not respond to the communication from the department. Subsequently, the appellant were issued Show Cause Notice No. V/WS06/O&A/SCN-389/2020-21 dated 24.12.2020 wherein it was proposed to :

- a) Demand service tax amounting to Rs. 5,81,707/- under Section 73(1) of the Finance Act, 1994 along with interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994.
- b) Impose penalty under Sections 70, 77 and 78 of the Finance Act, 1994.

3. The SCN was adjudicated vide the impugned order, ex-parte, wherein the demand of service tax amounting to Rs. 5,81,707/- was confirmed along with interest. Penalty amounting to Rs. 10,000/- was imposed under Section 77(1)(a) of the Finance Act, 1994. Penalty amounting to Rs. 5,81,707/- was imposed under 78 of the Finance Act, 1994.

4. Being aggrieved with the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority, the appellant have preferred the present appeal, along with application for condonation of delay in filing appeal, on various grounds.



5. It is observed that the present appeal was filed by the appellant on 28.09.2022 against the impugned order dated 26.05.2022, which the appellant have stated was communicated to them on 26.05.2022. It is observed that the Appeals preferred before the Commissioner (Appeals) are governed by the provisions of Section 85 of the Finance Act, 1994. The relevant part of the said section is reproduced below :

“(3A) An appeal shall be presented within two months from the date of receipt of the decision or order of such adjudicating authority, made on and after the Finance Bill, 2012 received the assent of the President, relating to service tax, interest or penalty under this Chapter:

Provided that the Commissioner of Central Excise (Appeals) may, if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting the appeal within the aforesaid period of two months, allow it to be presented within a further period of one month.”

5.1 In the instant case, the impugned order is dated 26.05.2022 and the appellant have admittedly received it on 26.05.2022. Therefore, the period of two months for filing the appeal before the Commissioner (Appeals) ended on 26.07.2022. The further period of one month, which the Commissioner (Appeals) is empowered to allow for filing appeal, also ended on 26.08.2022.

5.2 In terms of Section 85 of the Finance Act, 1994, an appeal before the Commissioner (Appeals) is to be filed within a period of two months from the receipt of the order being appealed. Further, the proviso to Section 85 (3A) of the Finance Act, 1994 allows the Commissioner (Appeals) to condone delay and allow a further period of one month, beyond the two month allowed for filing of appeal in terms of Section 85 (3A) of the Finance Act, 1994.

5.3 The appellant was required to file the appeal on or before 26.07.2022 i.e. two months computed from 26.05.2022. Further, the condonable period of one month, in terms of Section 85 (3A) of the Finance Act, 1994 ended on 26.08.2022. The present appeal filed on 28.09.2022, is, therefore, clearly barred by limitation. Since the appeal in the instant case has been filed beyond this further period of one month, this authority is not empowered to condone delay in filing of appeal beyond the period of one months as per the proviso to Section 85 (3A) of the Finance Act, 1994.



5.4 My above view finds support from the judgment of the Hon'ble Tribunal, Ahmedabad in the case of Zenith Rubber Pvt. Ltd. Vs. Commissioner of Central Excise and Service Tax, Ahmedabad – 2014 (12) TMI 1215 – CESTAT, Ahmedabad. In the said case, the Hon'ble Tribunal had held that :

“5. It is clear from the above provisions of Section 85(3A) of the Finance Act, 1994 that Commissioner (Appeals) is empowered to condone the delay for a further period of one month. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Singh Enterprises (supra) held that Commissioner (Appeals) has no power to condone the delay beyond the prescribed period. In our considered view, Commissioner (Appeals) rightly rejected the appeal following the statutory provisions of the Act. So, we do not find any reasons to interfere in the impugned order. Accordingly, we reject the appeal filed by the appellant.”

6. In view of the facts discussed herein above and considering the judgment of the Hon'ble Tribunal, supra, I reject the appeal filed by the appellant on the grounds of limitation.

7. It was further observed on scrutiny of the appeal papers filed by the appellant that they had submitted a Tax Payer Counterfoil showing payment of Rs. 43,628/- towards pre-deposit in terms of Section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944. On scrutiny of the Tax Payer Counterfoil, it was observed that the same appeared to be pertaining to payment to Income Tax Department. Therefore, it appeared that the appellant had not paid the amount of pre-deposit in terms of Section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944.

8. In terms of Section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, an appeal shall not be entertained unless the appellant deposits 7.5% of the duty in case where duty and penalty are in dispute or 7.5% of penalty where such penalty is in dispute. Relevant legal provisions are reproduced below:-

“SECTION 35F: Deposit of certain percentage of duty demanded or penalty imposed before filing appeal. — The Tribunal or the Commissioner (Appeals), as the case may be, shall not entertain any appeal —

(i) under sub-section (1) of section 35, unless the appellant has deposited seven and a half per cent. of the duty, in case where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where such penalty is in dispute, in pursuance of a decision or an order passed by an officer of Central Excise lower in rank than the [Principal Commissioner of Central Excise or Commissioner of Central Excise];”

8.1 The appellant were, therefore, called upon vide letter F.No. GAPPL/COM/STP/2725/2022 dated 04.01.2023 to make the pre-deposit in terms of Board's Circular No.1070/3/2019-CX dated 24.06.2019 and submit copy of the Challan. As no communication was received from the appellant,



they were again requested vide letter dated 01.03.2023 to submit copy of the Challan evidencing pre-deposit. It was also informed that non submission of the Challan would result in dismissal of the appeal. However, the appellant have neither responded to the said communications nor have they submitted evidence of pre-deposit in terms of Board's Circular No.1070/3/2019-CX dated 24.06.2019.

9. It is observed that though sufficient time was granted to the appellant to make the payment of pre-deposit in terms of Circular No.1070/3/2019-CX dated 24.06.2019, they have failed to furnish proof of payment of pre-deposit of 7.5% of the duty made. In terms of Section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, the Tribunal or Commissioner (Appeals), as the case may be, shall not entertain any appeal unless the appellant has deposited 7.5% of the duty, in case where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute.

10. In view of the above, the appeal filed by the appellant is dismissed appellant on the grounds of limitation as well as on the grounds of non-compliance of the provisions of Section- 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944.

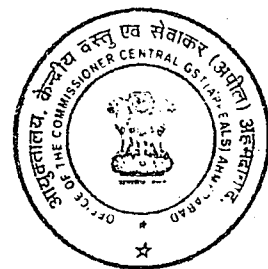
अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।

11. The appeal filed by the appellant stand disposed of in above terms.

*(Signature)*  
 ( Akhilesh Kumar )  
 Commissioner (Appeals)  
 Date: 18.05.2023

Attested:

*(Signature)*  
 (N.Suryanarayanan. Iyer)  
 Assistant Commissioner (In situ),  
 CGST Appeals, Ahmedabad.



BY RPAD / SPEED POST

To

M/s. Shaileshkumar Manubhai Savliya,  
 8, Nayan Apartment,  
 Sambhav Press - Judges Bungalow Road,  
 Ahmedabad

Appellant

The Deputy Commissioner,  
 Technical, CGST,  
 Commissionerate : Ahmedabad South.

Respondent

Copy to:

1. The Chief Commissioner, Central GST, Ahmedabad Zone.
2. The Principal Commissioner, CGST, Ahmedabad South.
3. The Assistant Commissioner (HQ System), CGST, Ahmedabad South.  
(for uploading the OIA).
- ✓ 4. Guard File.
5. P.A. File.

